Candidate Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Directions for questions: 1 to 15:*** Select the correct alternative from the given choices.(No Negative Marks) [30 minutes]

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| **S.NO.** | **QUESTIONS** | **ANS** |
| 1 | What is the full form of SQL?A. Structured Query ListB. Structure Query LanguageC. Sample Query LanguageD. None of these. |  |
| 2 | Which of the following is not a DDL command?A. TRUNCATEB. ALTERC. CREATED. UPDATE |  |
| 3 | Which statement is used to delete all rows in a table without having the action logged?A. DELETEB. REMOVEC. DROPD. TRUNCATE |  |
| 4 | How many Primary keys can have in a table?A. Only 1B. Only 2C. Depends on no of ColumnsD. Depends on DBA |  |
| 5 | Which of the following is not Constraint in SQL?A. Primary KeyB. Not NullC. CheckD. Union |  |
| 6 | Which of the following is not a valid aggregate function?A. COUNTB. COMPUTEC. SUMD. MAX |  |
| 7 | Which operator is used to compare a value to a specified list of values?A. ANYB. BETWEENC. ALLD. IN |  |
| 8 | If we have not specified ASC or DESC after a SQL ORDER BY clause, the following is used by defaultA. DESCB. ASCC. There is no default valueD. None of the mentioned |  |
| 9 | Which of the following is also called an INNER JOIN?A. SELF JOINB. EQUI JOINC. NON-EQUI JOIND. None of the above |  |
| 10 | Which of the following is true about the HAVING clause?A. Similar to the WHERE clause but is used for columns rather than groups.B. Similar to WHERE clause but is used for rows rather than columns.C. Similar to WHERE clause but is used for groups rather than rows.D. Acts exactly like a WHERE clause. |  |
| 11 | Which command is used to change the definition of a table in SQL?A. CREATEB. UPDATEC. ALTERD. SELECT |  |
| 12 | Which of the following is the basic approaches for joining tables?A. Union JOINB. Natural JOINC. SubqueriesD. All of the above |  |
| 13 | What is the difference between a PRIMARY KEY and a UNIQUE KEY?A. Primary key can store null value, whereas a unique key cannot store null value.B. We can have only one primary key in a table while we can have multiple unique keysC. Primary key cannot be a date variable whereas unique key can beD. None of these |  |
| 14 | \_\_\_\_\_\_ is NOT a type of constraint in SQL language?A. FOREIGN KEYB. PRIMARY KEYC. UNIQUED. ALTERNATE KEY |  |
| 15 | \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a constraint that can be defined only at the column level?A. UNIQUEB. NOT NULLC. CHECKD. PRIMARY KEY |  |
| **TOTAL** |  |

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